Management of sexual contacts of a person diagnosed with Epididymo-orchitis

Date ____________________________

Dear Dr ____________________________

Your patient has been a contact of epididymo-orchitis. Please screen for sexually transmitted infections including pharyngeal and/or anorectal swabs as indicated, as well as serology for syphilis and HIV (and targeted hepatitis B and C – see Sexual Health Check guideline www.nzshs.org/guidelines).

New Zealand guidelines recommend empiric treatment of sexual partners, irrespective of negative test results.

Treatment is with Azithromycin 1g orally as a stat dose or Doxycycline 100mg twice a day for 1 week plus condoms. If gonorrhoea is highly likely in the index case, use ceftriaxone 500 mg intramuscularly and azithromycin 1g orally as a stat dose.

Gonorrhoea or chlamydia diagnosed on testing should be treated accordingly. (See NZ Sexual Health Society guidelines www.nzshs.org/guidelines).

Abstinence from sexual intercourse is strongly recommended for 2 weeks after initiation of treatment, and until 1 week after sexual contact/s in the last 3 months have been treated (see Partner Notification/Contact Tracing guideline – www.nzshs.org/guidelines). If abstinence cannot be achieved condoms must be used, including for oral sex.

Sincerely,